#### **Test Plans**

Hodge Jenkins, Ph.D., P.E. Richard Kunz, Ph.D., P.E.

### What are test plans?

- Necessary assessment & verification of your design
  - Customer requirements
  - Performance specifications
  - Validate any design claims
  - Safety
- Not just a to-do list
- Due after PDR, on Nov. 25
- Submit electronically as an email attachment to your instructor

#### **Types of Tests**

- Performance tests
  - speed, time, speed, voltage, depth, etc.
  - From specifications or feasibility criteria
- Quality Assurance tests
  (will resistor take the design load?)
- Product life , endurance, safety tests
- Human acceptance tests
- Environmental tests

#### Test Plans: Logic for each test

- Why are the specific tests necessary?
  - What are you trying to find/verify?
- How are the tests to be run?
- What design/build is needed to do the test?
  - Whole device
  - Part of a device

#### **Test plan content**

 Provide sufficient information so that someone else can do the test without you being there.

#### **Test Content Format**

- Test name and type
- Objective of test
- Success criteria
- Equipment required
- Procedure: including sample size
- Time required to complete (estimate)
- Location(s) of test
- Personnel: who will perform test
- Results:
  - Presented in graphs, table
  - Statistics
- <u>Analyze & Interpret</u> meaning of results in terms of objective and success criteria

#### **Performance Tests Results**

- Does the design meet the performance specification?
- e.g.,
  - Complete a task in specified time
  - Weight within specification
  - Not melt at Temperature
  - Not break under Forces

#### **Quality Assurance (QA) Tests**

- Verify materials where data not available, or not certain.
  - Welds
  - New materials
- Verify purchased components work as design requires
  - Limits of duty cycles, frequency, voltage, energy

#### Life, endurance, safety tests

- How long will device last?
- How safe is the device?
  - At what load will it fail, not fail? (hopefully you have a spare if it fails)
- Validate any condition you could not sufficiently model.

#### **Human Acceptance Tests**

- Is the device ergonomically acceptable?
  - User interfaces
  - Physically acceptable
    - Weight
    - Dimension
    - Range of motion
  - Visually acceptable
    - Displays: easy to read, right height
    - Colors: Pleasing, focuses attention when desired
- Statistically significant number of surveys after use by test subjects.

#### **Environmental test**

- Is the device affected by varying environments?
  - Sunlight (UV), temperature
  - Wind, rain, static electricity
  - Electro-magnetic noise effects
- Does the device affect the environment?
  - Oil leaks
  - Pollution , run-off
  - Recycle disposables?

#### **Use of the Test Plan**

- Establish a rational approach to establish that your design meets requirements
- Test plan will be incorporated into your CDR document (along with test results)

#### Data

- Record appropriate data.
  - Have enough samples
    - Confidence interval, statistical significance of data
  - Do appropriate statistics
    - Use Student-T test if n<30
- Display Data for interpretation
  - Mean, standard deviation, etc.
  - Plot data
    - X-Y plots, histograms, parametric curves, etc.

#### **Interpret Data**

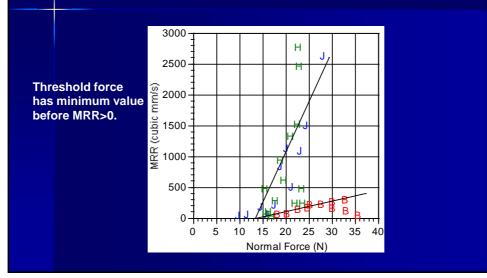
- Are there any correlations?
- Are there any trends?
- What does the mean and standard deviation indicate to the distribution?
- Does anything stand out?
- How does the data support your design performance, quality, etc?

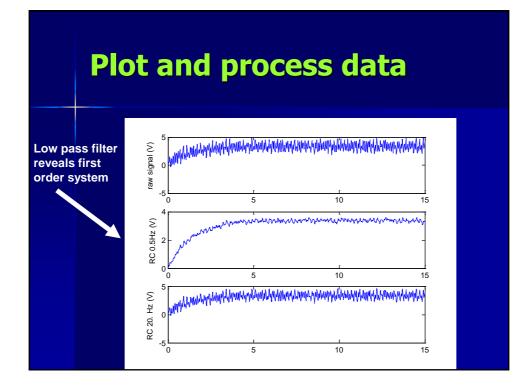
# Data analysis, with statistics

Material	Mean Model Std. Dev. Model Mean			Std. Dev.
	Coefficient K <sub>P</sub> Coefficient K <sub>P</sub>		Threshold	Threshold Force
	$(10^{-6} \text{ mm}^2/\text{N})$	$(10^{-6} \text{ mm}^2/\text{N})$	Force, F <sub>TH</sub> (N)	F <sub>TH</sub> (N)
			normalized to	
			36-mm <sup>2</sup> area	
AISI 8119	6.3	3.5	11.3	2.1
Inconel 718	3.4	1.8	11.3	2.8
AISI 4142	8.0	4.4	13.1	2.7
AISI A-2	8.3	3.9	12.4	2.8
AISI O-1	10.7	2.7	12.5	4.7
AISI 1020	44.3	10.7	12.7	1.3

#### **Organize plots to visualize** conclusion of data 300 3000 н в 2500 250 2500 в 2000 200 2000iquo, 1500-150 1500ģ н н в MRR ЯÅ МЯЯ 1000 -100 1000-J 500-50 500 н нн J 0-0 -0-5 10 15 20 25 30 35 10 15 20 Normal Force (N) 10 15 5 25 5 20 2 0 ò 0 Normal Force (N) Normal Force (N)

## Organize plots to visualize conclusion of data





#### **Results & Conclusions**

- Results will discuss the meaning of your data; you may have addition tables and plots to demonstrate your hypothesis
- Summarize in your conclusions how the interpreted results of your data support your design (met or exceeded specification).

#### **Rest of the Semester**

- Respond to PDR feedback from client, tech. advisors, instructor
  - Due on or before Dec. 4 team mtgs.
- Final class meeting Dec. 2 mandatory peer evaluations
- Secure a project room if needed
- Start ordering parts