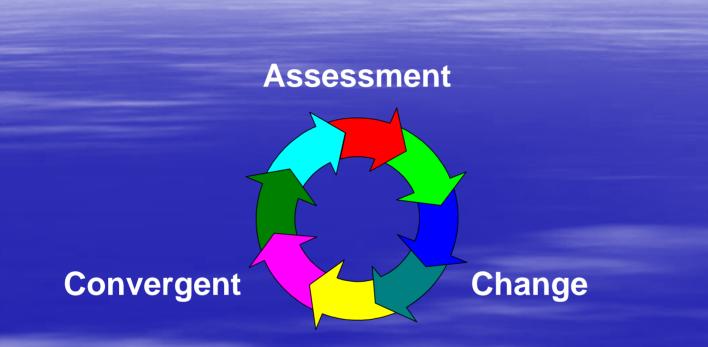
Assessment and Convergent Change

M. Dayne Aldridge Dean and Kaolin Chair of Engineering Mercer University

> RPI May 16, 2005



WHY DO ASSESSMENT ?

History

Need for Change in the late 80s Birth of EC2000, 1993-1996 - Pressure Directly from Industry - More Non-technical Curricula Visible Changes In Progress - Program Advisory Groups - Faculty Rethinking Curricula - Adoption around the world

Assessment

Facilitates Change - Objectives and Outcomes Empowers Faculty - Close the Loop! Shifts Foci - Student and Employer - Whole Curriculum Needs Reference Points

<complex-block>

Change

Many Views of Change

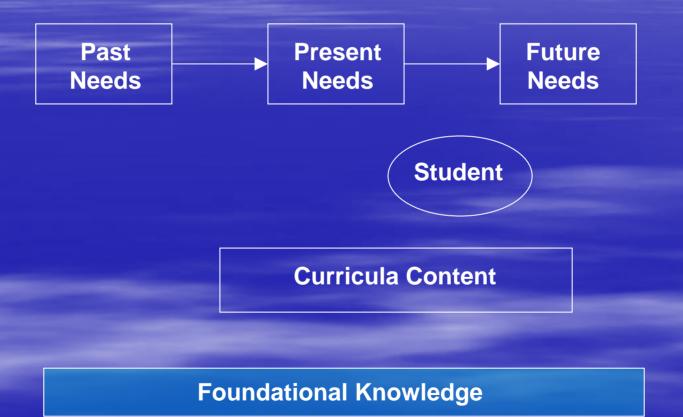
Human Resistance to Change
Life is Experienced Through Change

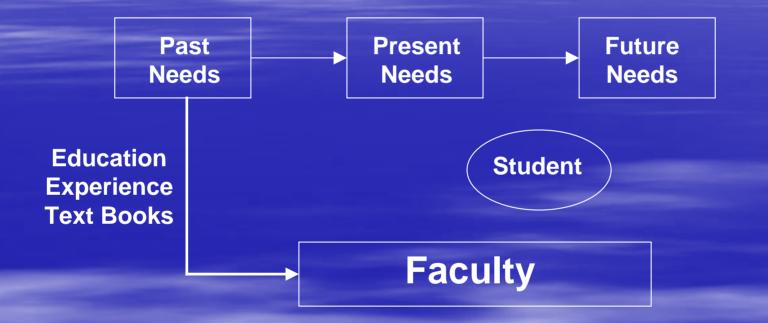
Three Views of Change

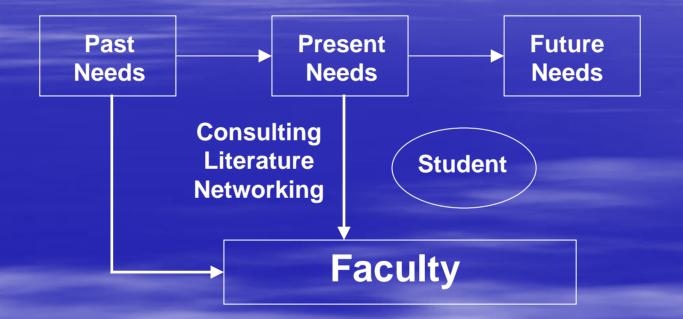
Time

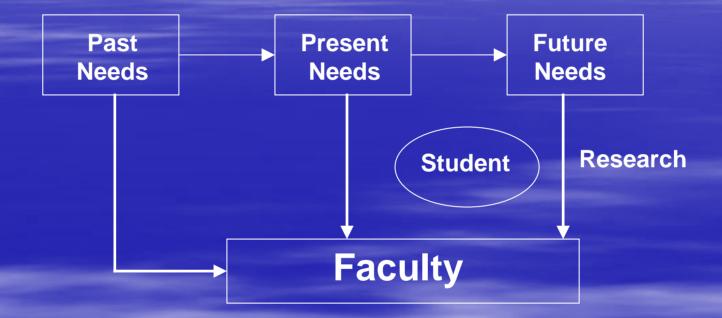
- Faculty
- Groups

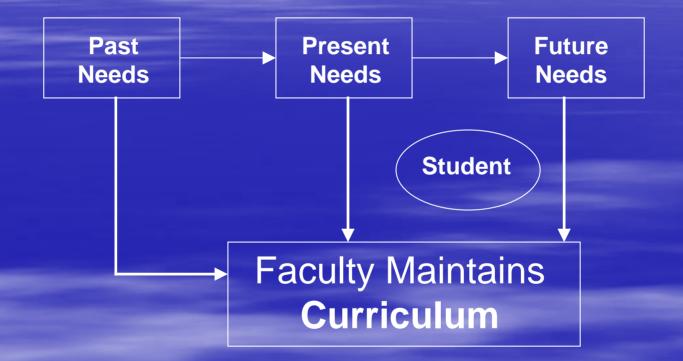
Time View of Change



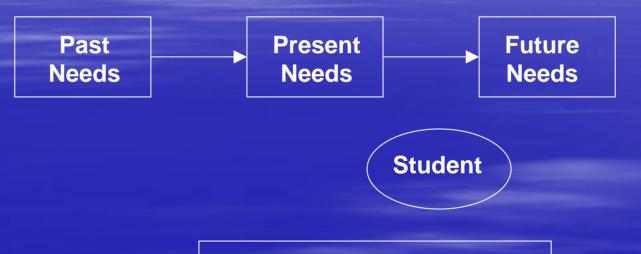






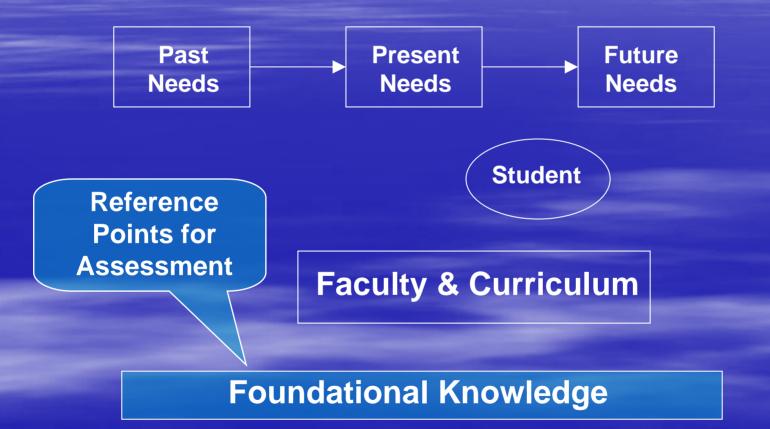


Faculty and Time View

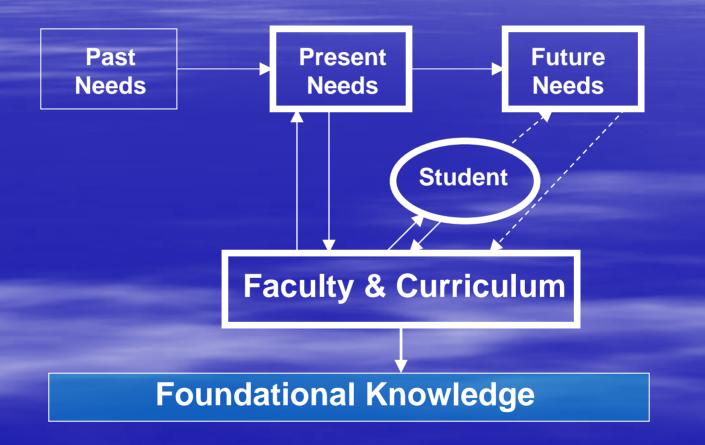


Faculty & Curriculum

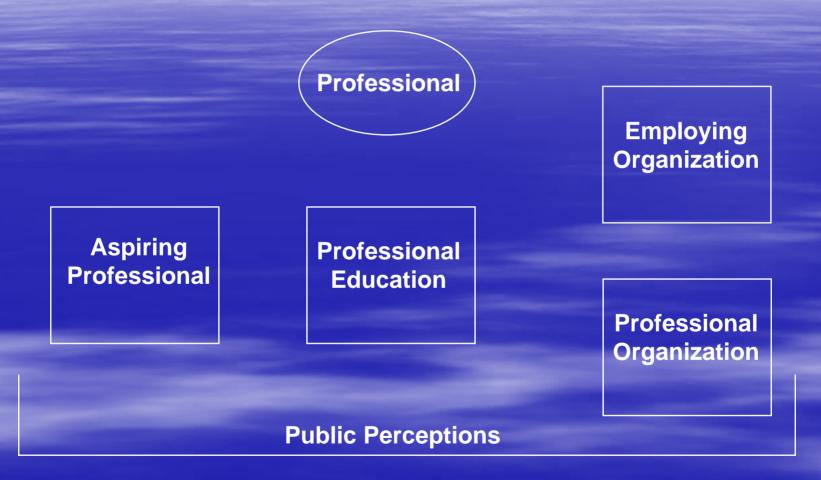
Faculty and Time View



Group Relationships



The Group View



Work and Integrity, William M. Sullivan, 1995

The Organizational Professional

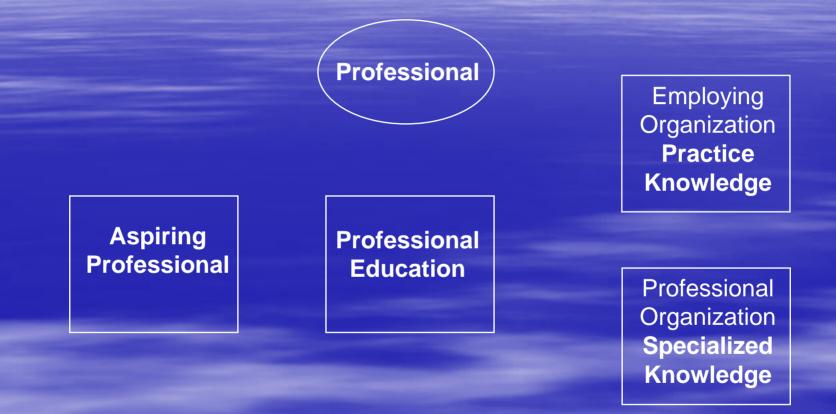
Specialized Knowledge

 Developed and nurtured outside employing organization

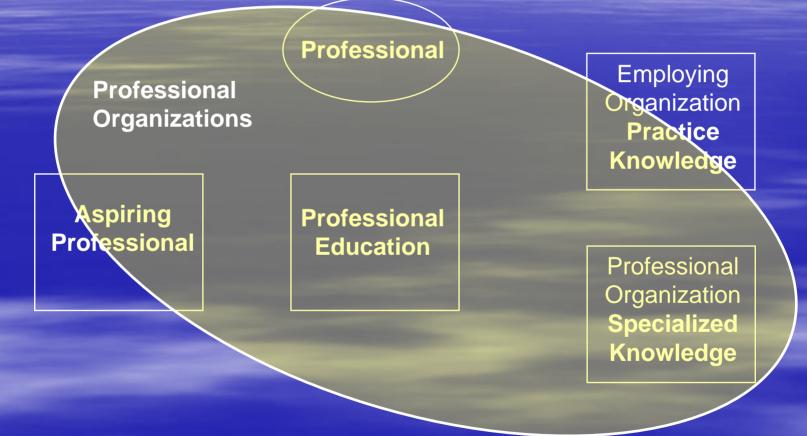
Practice Knowledge

 Developed and nurtured inside employing organization

The Organizational Professional



The Organizational Professional



Old View

Professional

Aspiring Professional

Professional Education

Professional Organization **Specialized Knowledge**

Employing

Organization

Practice

Knowledge

Specialized Knowledge = Only Technical Knowledge

Changing Knowledge



Changing Knowledge



Specialized Knowledge = Technical and Practice Fundamentals (technical and non-technical outcomes)

Changing Groups

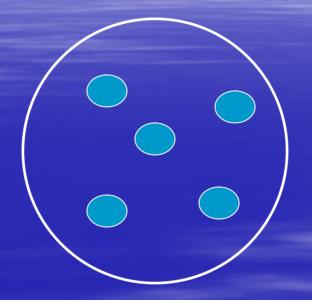


Assessment

Convergent

Change

Group View











Divergent Change



Group Combination



Group Combination

Group Combination



Knowledge Strength

Knowledge Strength

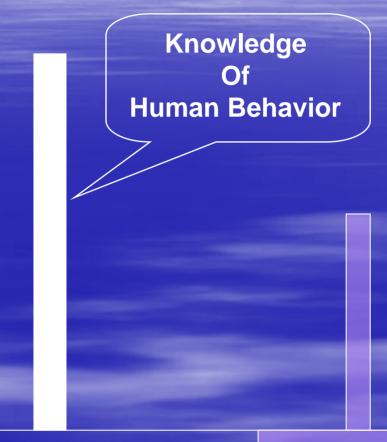
Convergent Change

Convergent Change

Convergent Change



Convergent Knowledge



Finding A New Balance

Technical Outcomes

Non-technical Outcomes

All Groups Need Human Behavior Fundamentals

Assessment

Fundamental Knowledge Provides **Reference** Points Old Reference Points Basic Science and Mathematics Current Reference Points _ ? Future Reference Points How We Think and Do What We Do

New Reference Points

Technical Outcomes

Non-technical Outcomes

How We Think and Do What We Do